

More Interpretations for the NCLOA Website

Face-Off Situations

1. Just prior to the face-off official blowing whistle, B1 wing area player jumps too early.
Ruling: Play-On. If A1 cannot pick up the ball, blow whistle and award the ball to A.
If the ball is in A's defensive half of the field, A gets a free clear at the X
2. On a face-off, a team A player moves as the official blows his whistle. Wing player A2 or B2 is across the restraining line as the whistle blows..
Ruling: Because Team A had a face-off violation, the face-off has not taken place.
Award the ball to Team B. Ignore the wing-area violation.
See P. 28, 4.3, Situation Q.
3. After the face-off has occurred, the ball is in Team B's defensive half of the field. While B1 is chasing the ball he is pushed by A1. If B1 cannot pick up the ball the whistle blows and the ball is awarded to B1 at the center X on his offensive half of the field.
4. The whistle blows for the face-off. As the ball is approaching the defensive restraining line, Team A player releases too early.
Ruling: Award the ball to Team B on a free clear at the Center X in his offensive side of the field.
Reason: By restarting the play where the ball was, although Team B is being awarded the ball, Team B is going to be at a disadvantage. Since players just have to be a minimum of 5 yds. from an opponent on a restart, the attack can jump him easily possibly gaining possession.
5. Whistle blows for the face-off. Ball goes toward the side line. If the ball eventually goes out of bounds off A1 crosse, the ball is awarded to Team B at the spot where the ball went out of bounds. if the ball goes off B1, then Team A is awarded the ball at the spot where the ball went out of bounds.
Reason: Once the whistle blows the face-off is technically over. When a ball goes out of bounds it is not considered a penalty.

Counts

1. B1, while in his offensive half of the field and the 10-second count has begun, is forced over the midfield line into his defensive half of the field with the 10- second count continuing. A1 checks B1's crosse and the loose ball goes out of bounds off A's crosse.
Ruling: Ball is awarded to B and a new 20-second count begins.
Reason: It depends on which side of the midfield the ball goes out of bounds.

Points Of Emphasis

Keep reviewing Page 80 of the NFHS Rule book, particularly Enforcement of Illegal Body Checking. This is most important because it is for the protection of the players.

Remember, according to this point of Emphasis there is no 1-min. penalty. it is a minimum of 2-minutes and a maximum of 3-minutes.

Penalties on the Goalie

1. Varsity and JV plays the same rules. if a goalie is given a time-serving penalty he must serve the penalty and **NOT** the In-Home.
2. If a team has only one goalie, to things can be done.
 - a. If the opposing team scores a goal then the penalized goalie can return.
 - b. If the coach does not want his substitute goalie to be in the crease, the goalie can double team until the original goalie's time expires.

Dive

1. **Example:** Errant pass going toward the midfield line. B1, defenseman is standing behind A1, but several inches behind him. AS the ball approaches A1, acting as if B1 pushed him, falls offside. **This is an example of a dive.**
2. This is not covered in the NFHS Rule Book but is covered in the NCAA Rule Book as a technical violation. We are, for this season, using the NCAA interpretation. In the example above, A1 would be called for either a dive or for offside and the ball would be awarded to Team B.